



A. JAMES CLARK
SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING



DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Mechanical Engineering Design Day

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Team AmbiDesk

Reese Cooper, Phil Denton, Alex Hahn, Nick Watkins

Objective

In a random lecture hall seating arrangement, there is a potential for 20% of students to be seated at a desk that is not accommodating to their dominant hand. This can have a negative effect on learning and create a distraction during their educational experience.

Goal: To create a lecture hall desk that will accommodate both right and left handed students.

Market: Universities and other educational settings.

Constraints	
Height of chair	Lecture hall layout
Space between desks	Armrest
Accessibility	Repeated Use

Customer Requirements	
Ease of use	Reliability
Size of tablet	Noise
Space between desks	Longevity
Comfort	Storage space

Engineering Characteristics	
Weight	Noise Level
Strength	Dimensions

Concept Generation

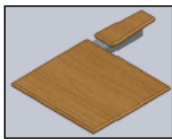
Existing Competition	Concept #1	Concept #2	Concept #3
Davis Furniture (+) Ergonomic, Comfort (-) Lack of strength	Swivel Tablet (+) Ease of use (-) Reduced storage area	Detachable Tablet (+) Ease of fabrication (-) Lose tablet	Behind the Back Swivel (+) More storage space (-) Long track (noisy)

Characteristic Weights			
Strength	16%	Storage Space	5%
Noise	2%	Comfort	10%
Dimensions	6%	Ease of Use	21%
Tablet Size	8%	Longevity	32%

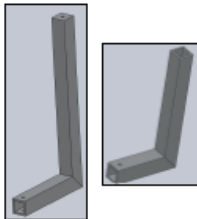
Concept Selected: Swivel Tablet

- Ease of use
- High strength
- Compatible with current lecture hall layout (EGR 1202)

Design

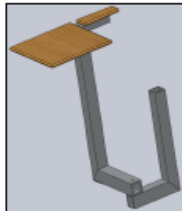


- Single product with right and left orientations
- Adequate writing surface with armrest
- User intuitive



Support Assembly

- Bearings to facilitate 180° motion
- Little force required to operate
- Aluminum – cheap, light, strong, but hard to weld (tradeoff)

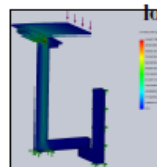


- Tablet Assembly**
- Sliding tracks to move tablet
 - Large, smooth writing surface
 - Armrest
 - Does not fold down (tradeoff)

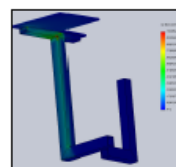
Prototype and Testing

- FEA testing completed to verify material and assembly strength
- User survey to be conducted for functionality feedback
- Manufactured product to feature welds at all connections to ensure structural integrity
- Assembly and motion fully functional within dimension constraints

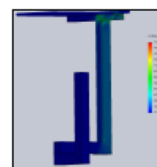
Von-Mises Stresses for 200lb load



Load applied to inner edge of tablet



Load applied to front of tablet

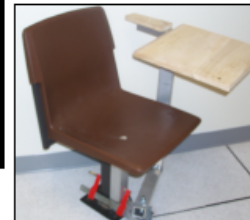


Load applied to armrest

Test Results and Future Work

Design Process

1. Identified Need
2. Generated Concepts
3. Selected Concept
4. Created Prototype
5. Conducted Testing
6. Adjustments & Final Design



Future Work

- Integrate assembly to chair support
- Weld bearings and caster wheel
- Perform economic analysis, determine optimal manufacturing setup
- Integrate locking mechanism
- Improved tablet movement